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भारतीय मानक

प्लेटिनम, प्लेटिनम-रोडियम उत्प्रेरक जाली — विशिष्टि

(पहला पुनारीक्षण)

Indian Standard

PLATINUM, PLATINUM - RHODIUM CATALYST GAUZES — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

UDC 54-44: 669.231, 235-427.5

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

FOREWORD

This Indian Standard was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards, after the draft finalized by the Precious Metals Sectional Committee had been approved by the Metallurgical Engineering Division Council.

Platinum, platinum-rhodium gauzes are used as catalyst for oxidation of ammonia for the production of nitric acid. Rigorous control is needed for fabricating the gauzes especially with regard to alloying, rolling, wire drawing and weaving, in order to ensure maximum efficiency and reasonable life of the gauzes.

IS 6018 'Specification for platinum, platinum-rhodium catalyst gauzes was first published in 1971. It specifies the requirements for the weight, mesh size, weave pattern and finish of these gauzes. This standard has been revised to include the tolerances for rhodium content.

For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS 2: 1960 'Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised)'.

Indian Standard

PLATINUM, PLATINUM - RHODIUM CATALYST GAUZES — SPECIFICATION

(First Revision)

1 SCOPE

This standard specifies the requirements such as, purity, dimensions, mass, mesh size, weave pattern and finish for four types of platinum and platinumrhodium gauzes used as catalyst.

2 REFERENCE

The Indian Standard 2270: 1965 'Methods for assaying platinum and platinum alloys' is necessary adjunct to this standard.

3 REQUIREMENTS

3.1 The gauzes shall satisfy the requirements as given in Table 1.

Table 1 Requirements for Platinum, Platinum-Rhodium Gauzes

Type	Platinum (Percent)	Rhodium (Percent)			Mass (g/m²)
Α	99.9, Min		0.06	1.024	431
В	95	5	0.06	1.024	417
C	90	10	0.06	1.024	403
D	90	10	0.076	1.024	657

3.2 Tolerance

3.2.1 Platinum Content

The total platinum-rhodium content shall be 99.9 percent minimum.

3.2.1.1 Tolerence on platinum content for type B, C and D shall \pm 0.3 percent (see Note).

NOTE — For the purpose of clarity, platinum content in 95 percent platinum/5 percent rhodium alloy gauzes shall be 94.7 to 95.3 percent and for 90 percent platinum/10 percent rhodium alloy gauzes, platinum content shall be 89.7 to 90.3 percent cent.

3.2.1.2 Rhodium Content

Tolerance on rhodium content for Types B, C and D shall be +/-0.3 percent (see Note).

NOTE — For the purpose of clarity, rhodium content in 95 percent platinum/5 percent rhodium alloy gauzes shall be 4.7 to 5.3 percent and for 90 percent platinum/10 rhodium alloy gauzes, the rhodium content shall be 9.7 to 10.3 percent.

3.2.2 Impurity Limits

The impurity limits in platinum, platinumrhodium gauzes shall be as follows:

Element	Percent, by mass				
	Max				
Cu	0.04				
Ni	0.02				
Mn	0.02				
Cr	0.02				
Ca	0.002				
Mg	0.002				
Fe	0.04 (or 0.05, if Ni, Mn or Cr is absent)				
Au	0.002				
Pd	0.05				
Total impurities	0.1				
3.2.3 Wire Diameter					
Tolerance on diameter for wire shall be					

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+0.003 mm.

3.2.4 Mass

The tolerance on mass of gauze shall be + 10 - 5 percent.

4 FINISH AND WORKMANSHIP

4.1 Weave Pattern

The pattern of weave adopted for the fabrication of the gauzes may be either linen weave or fishbone weave, as required by the purchaser.

4.2 Finish

The gauzes after fabrication shall be annealed to relieve any work-hardening. The finished gauzes should be flanged at the edges to a width of 5 mm and properly welded uniformly. However, for smaller sizes, less than half a meter diameter for round and half a meter width

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across flat for hexagonal type gauze, the border may be hammer-welded.

4.3 The gauzes should preferably be seamless.

5 TESTING

Platinum and rhodium contents for Types B, C and D shall be determined in accordance with the method given in IS 2270: 1965. The impurities for Types B, C and D shall be determined by the method as agreed to between the supplier and the purchaser.

6 MARKING

- 6.1 Each gauze shall have an identification mark on a small platinum strip welded to the gauze at the border indicating:
 - a) Manufacturer's name or trade-mark;
 - B) Year and month of manufacture; and
 - C) Mass in grams of the finished gauze expressed up to first place of decimal.
- 6.2 Each gauze or the container may also be marked with Standard Mark.

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Amendments Issued Since Publication

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